

**Introduced by Senator Ortiz**

December 6, 2004

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An act to amend Sections 125290.30 and 125290.50 of, and to add Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 125330) and Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 125360) to Part 5.5 of Division 106 of, the Health and Safety Code, relating to reproductive health.

**LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST**

SB 18, as introduced, Ortiz. Reproductive health and research.

The California Stem Cell Research and Cures Act, an initiative measure, establishes the California Institute for Regenerative Medicine, the purpose of which is, among other things, to make grants and loans for stem cell research, for research facilities, and for other vital research opportunities to realize therapies, protocols, and medical procedures that will result in, the cure for, or substantial mitigation of, diseases and injuries. Existing law establishes the Independent Citizen's Oversight Committee (ICOC), composed of appointed members, that is required to perform various functions and duties with regard to the operation of the institute.

Existing law provides that the Political Reform Act shall apply to the institute and to the ICOC, with certain exceptions.

This bill would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature that the ICOC define which positions would be subject to the Political Reform Act and that the requirements for the reporting of economic interest be commensurate with those required of state agency appointees.

Existing law establishes various working groups to assist the ICOC in the performance of its duties and requires the ICOC to adopt conflict-of-interest rules for these working groups.

This bill would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature that these rules include certain economic disclosure requirements, and that

the state open meeting requirements apply to meetings of the working groups.

Existing law requires that a patient provide informed consent prior to the receiving various medical treatments.

This bill would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature that a physician and surgeon, prior to providing assisted oocyte production, as defined, for purposes of donating eggs for medical research or for fertility treatments, obtain written consent from his or her patient and provide to his or her patient a standardized written summary of health and consumer issues that would be developed by the State Department of Health Services.

Existing law requires a physician and surgeon or other health care provider delivering fertility treatment to provide his or her patient with timely, relevant, and appropriate information to allow the individual to make an informed and voluntary choice regarding the disposition of any human embryos remaining following the fertility treatment.

This bill would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature that a physician and surgeon or other health care provider delivering fertility treatment to provide his or her patient with timely, relevant, and appropriate information to allow the individual to make an informed and voluntary choice regarding the disposition of any oocytes (female eggs or egg cells) remaining following the fertility treatment.

Existing law prohibits a person from knowingly, for valuable consideration, purchase or sell embryonic or cadaveric fetal tissue for research purposes.

This bill would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature to prohibit human oocytes or embryos from being acquired, sold, received, or otherwise transferred for valuable consideration, and to prohibit payment in excess of the amount of reimbursement of expenses to be made to any research subject to encourage her to produce human oocytes for the purposes of medical research.

This bill, in addition, would declare that it is the intent of the Legislature that every contract, award, grant, loan, or other arrangement entered into by a state entity that provides state funding or other resources for biomedical research ensure that, among other things, the arrangement does not result in a gift of public funds and that the state is provided a share of the royalties or revenues derived from the development of clinical treatments, products, or services resulting from the research.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1     SECTION 1. Section 125290.30 of the Health and Safety  
2     Code is amended to read:  
3     125290.30. Public and Financial Accountability Standards  
4     (a) Annual Public Report  
5     The institute shall issue an annual report to the public which  
6     sets forth its activities, grants awarded, grants in progress,  
7     research accomplishments, and future program directions. Each  
8     annual report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:  
9     the number and dollar amounts of research and facilities grants;  
10    the grantees for the prior year; the institute's administrative  
11    expenses; an assessment of the availability of funding for stem  
12    cell research from sources other than the institute; a summary of  
13    research findings, including promising new research areas; an  
14    assessment of the relationship between the institute's grants and  
15    the overall strategy of its research program; and a report of the  
16    institute's strategic research and financial plans.  
17    (b) Independent Financial Audit for Review by State  
18    Controller The institute shall annually commission an  
19    independent financial audit of its activities from a certified public  
20    accounting firm, which shall be provided to the State Controller,  
21    who shall review the audit and annually issue a public report of  
22    that review.  
23    (c) Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee  
24    There shall be a Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight  
25    Committee chaired by the State Controller. This committee shall  
26    review the annual financial audit, the State Controller's report  
27    and evaluation of that audit, and the financial practices of the  
28    institute. The State Controller, the State Treasurer, the President  
29    pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the  
30    Chairperson of the ICOC shall each appoint a public member of  
31    the committee. Committee members shall have medical  
32    backgrounds and knowledge of relevant financial matters. The  
33    committee shall provide recommendations on the institute's  
34    financial practices and performance. The State Controller shall  
35    provide staff support. The committee shall hold a public meeting,

1 with appropriate notice, and with a formal public comment  
2 period. The committee shall evaluate public comments and  
3 include appropriate summaries in its annual report. The ICOC  
4 shall provide funds for the per diem expenses of the committee  
5 members and for publication of the annual report.

6 (d) Public Meeting Laws

7 (1) The ICOC shall hold at least two public meetings per year,  
8 one of which will be designated as the institute's annual meeting.  
9 The ICOC may hold additional meetings as it determines are  
10 necessary or appropriate.

11 (2) The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, Article 9  
12 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of  
13 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall apply to all  
14 meetings of the ICOC, except as otherwise provided in this  
15 section. The ICOC shall award all grants, loans, and contracts in  
16 public meetings and shall adopt all governance, scientific,  
17 medical, and regulatory standards in public meetings.

18 (3) The ICOC may conduct closed sessions as permitted by the  
19 Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, under Section 11126 of the  
20 Government Code. In addition, the ICOC may conduct closed  
21 sessions when it meets to consider or discuss:

22 (A) Matters involving information relating to patients or  
23 medical subjects, the disclosure of which would constitute an  
24 unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

25 (B) Matters involving confidential intellectual property or  
26 work product, whether patentable or not, including, but not  
27 limited to, any formula, plan, pattern, process, tool, mechanism,  
28 compound, procedure, production data, or compilation of  
29 information, which is not patented, which is known only to  
30 certain individuals who are using it to fabricate, produce, or  
31 compound an article of trade or a service having commercial  
32 value and which gives its user an opportunity to obtain a business  
33 advantage over competitors who do not know it or use it.

34 (C) Matters involving prepublication, confidential scientific  
35 research or data.

36 (D) Matters concerning the appointment, employment,  
37 performance, compensation, or dismissal of institute officers and  
38 employees. Action on compensation of the institute's officers and  
39 employees shall only be taken in open session.

1 (4) The meeting required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b)  
2 of Section 125290.20 shall be deemed to be a special meeting for  
3 the purposes of Section 11125.4 of the Government Code.

4 (e) Public Records

5 (1) The California Public Records Act, Article 1 (commencing  
6 with Section 6250) of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the  
7 Government Code, shall apply to all records of the institute,  
8 except as otherwise provided in this section.

9 (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require  
10 disclosure of any records that are any of the following:

11 (A) Personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of  
12 which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal  
13 privacy.

14 (B) Records containing or reflecting confidential intellectual  
15 property or work product, whether patentable or not, including,  
16 but not limited to, any formula, plan, pattern, process, tool,  
17 mechanism, compound, procedure, production data, or  
18 compilation of information, which is not patented, which is  
19 known only to certain individuals who are using it to fabricate,  
20 produce, or compound an article of trade or a service having  
21 commercial value and which gives its user an opportunity to  
22 obtain a business advantage over competitors who do not know it  
23 or use it.

24 (C) Prepublication scientific working papers or research data.

25 (f) Competitive Bidding

26 (1) The institute shall, except as otherwise provided in this  
27 section, be governed by the competitive bidding requirements  
28 applicable to the University of California, as set forth in Article 1  
29 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part 2 of  
30 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

31 (2) For all institute contracts, the ICOC shall follow the  
32 procedures required of the Regents by Article 1 (commencing  
33 with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the  
34 Public Contract Code with respect to contracts let by the  
35 University of California.

36 (3) The requirements of this section shall not be applicable to  
37 grants or loans approved by the ICOC.

38 (4) Except as provided in this section, the Public Contract  
39 Code shall not apply to contracts let by the institute.

40 (g) Conflicts of Interest

1 (1) (A) The Political Reform Act, Title 9 (commencing with  
2 Section 81000) of the Government Code, shall apply to the  
3 institute and to the ICOC, except as provided in this section and  
4 in subdivision (e) of Section 125290.50.

5 ~~(A)–~~

6 (B) *It is the intent of the Legislature that the ICOC define*  
7 *which positions shall be subject to subparagraph (A) and the*  
8 *scope of the reporting required. It is also the intent of the*  
9 *Legislature that requirements for the reporting of economic*  
10 *interest shall be commensurate with those required of state*  
11 *agency appointees.*

12 (C) No member of the ICOC shall make, participate in  
13 making, or in any way attempt to use his or her official position  
14 to influence a decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or  
15 contract to his or her employer, but a member may participate in  
16 a decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to a  
17 nonprofit entity in the same field as his or her employer.

18 ~~(B)–~~

19 (D) A member of the ICOC may participate in a decision to  
20 approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to an entity for the  
21 purpose of research involving a disease from which a member or  
22 his or her immediate family suffers or in which the member has  
23 an interest as a representative of a disease advocacy organization.

24 ~~(C)–~~

25 (E) The adoption of standards is not a decision subject to this  
26 section.

27 (2) Service as a member of the ICOC by a member of the  
28 faculty or administration of any system of the University of  
29 California shall not, by itself, be deemed to be inconsistent,  
30 incompatible, in conflict with, or inimical to the duties of the  
31 ICOC member as a member of the faculty or administration of  
32 any system of the University of California and shall not result in  
33 the automatic vacation of either such office. Service as a member  
34 of the ICOC by a representative or employee of a disease  
35 advocacy organization, a nonprofit academic and research  
36 institution, or a life science commercial entity shall not be  
37 deemed to be inconsistent, incompatible, in conflict with, or  
38 inimical to the duties of the ICOC member as a representative or  
39 employee of that organization, institution, or entity.

1 (3) Section 1090 of the Government Code shall not apply to  
2 any grant, loan, or contract made by the ICOC except where both  
3 of the following conditions are met:

4 (A) The grant, loan, or contract directly relates to services to  
5 be provided by any member of the ICOC or the entity the  
6 member represents or financially benefits the member or the  
7 entity he or she represents.

8 (B) The member fails to recuse himself or herself from  
9 making, participating in making, or in any way attempting to use  
10 his or her official position to influence a decision on the grant  
11 loan or contract.

12 (h) Patent Royalties and License Revenues Paid to the State of  
13 California

14 The ICOC shall establish standards that require that all grants  
15 and loan awards be subject to intellectual property agreements  
16 that balance the opportunity of the State of California to benefit  
17 from the patents, royalties, and licenses that result from basic  
18 research, therapy development, and clinical trials with the need to  
19 assure that essential medical research is not unreasonably  
20 hindered by the intellectual property agreements.

21 (i) Preference for California Suppliers

22 The ICOC shall establish standards to ensure that grantees  
23 purchase goods and services from California suppliers to the  
24 extent reasonably possible, in a good faith effort to achieve a  
25 goal of more than 50 percent of such purchases from California  
26 suppliers.

27 SEC. 2. Section 125290.50 of the Health and Safety Code is  
28 amended to read:

29 125290.50. Scientific and Medical Working Groups General

30 (a) The institute shall have, and there is hereby established,  
31 three separate scientific and medical working groups as follows:

32 (1) Scientific and Medical Research Funding Working Group.

33 (2) Scientific and Medical Accountability Standards Working  
34 Group.

35 (3) Scientific and Medical Research Facilities Working Group.

36 (b) Working Group Members

37 Appointments of scientific and medical working group  
38 members shall be made by a majority vote of a quorum of the  
39 ICOC, within 30 days of the election and appointment of the  
40 initial ICOC members. The working group members' terms shall

1 be six years except that, after the first six year terms, the  
2 members' terms will be staggered so that one third of the  
3 members shall be elected for a term that expires two years later,  
4 one third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires  
5 four years later, and one third of the members shall be elected for  
6 a term that expires six years later. Subsequent terms are for six  
7 years. Working group members may serve a maximum of two  
8 consecutive terms.

9 (c) Working Group Meetings

10 Each scientific and medical working group shall hold at least  
11 four meetings per year, one of which shall be designated as its  
12 annual meeting.

13 (d) Working Group Recommendations to the ICOC

14 Recommendations of each of the working groups may be  
15 forwarded to the ICOC only by a vote of a majority of a quorum  
16 of the members of each working group. If 35 percent of the  
17 members of any working group join together in a minority  
18 position, a minority report may be submitted to the ICOC. The  
19 ICOC shall consider the recommendations of the working groups  
20 in making its decisions on applications for research and facility  
21 grants and loan awards and in adopting regulatory standards.  
22 Each working group shall recommend to ICOC rules, procedures,  
23 and practices for that working group.

24 (e) Conflict of Interest

25 (1) The ICOC shall adopt conflict of interest rules, based on  
26 standards applicable to members of scientific review committees  
27 of the National Institutes of Health, to govern the participation of  
28 non ICOC working group members. *It is the intent of the*  
29 *Legislature that these rules include requirements for disclosure*  
30 *of economic interests and public access to economic interest*  
31 *statements that meet or exceed those required of Category 3*  
32 *Reviewers by the National Academy of Sciences.*

33 (2) The ICOC shall appoint an ethics officer from among the  
34 staff of the institute.

35 (3) Because the working groups are purely advisory and have  
36 no final decisionmaking authority, members of the working  
37 groups shall not be considered public officials, employees, or  
38 consultants for purposes of the Political Reform Act (Title 9  
39 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code),



Sections 1090 and 19990 of the Government Code, and Sections 10516 and 10517 of the Public Contract Code.

(f) Working Group Records

All records of the working groups submitted as part of the working groups' recommendations to the ICOC for approval shall be subject to the Public Records Act. Except as provided in this subdivision, the working groups shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, or Article 1 (commencing with Section 6250) of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

*(g) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) apply to all meetings of the working groups.*

SEC. 3. Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 125330) is added to Part 5.5 of Division 106 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

CHAPTER 2. ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

125330. The following definitions shall apply to this chapter:

(a) "Assisted oocyte production" or "AOP" means pharmaceutically induced manipulation of oocyte production through the use of injectable, also known as nonoral, stimulation drugs for purposes of donating eggs for medical research or for purposes of fertility treatments.

(b) "Department" means the State Department of Health Services.

(c) "Egg cell donor" or "oocyte donor" means an individual who voluntarily gives her eggs or egg cells to another woman for the purpose of conception or gives her eggs or egg cells to another person for the purpose of research or development of medical therapies.

(d) "Oocyte" means a female egg or egg cell.

125335. It is the intent of the Legislature that:

(a) Prior to providing AOP, a physician and surgeon shall provide to his or her patient the standardized written summary of health and consumer issues described in subdivision (b). The failure to provide to a patient this standardized written summary

1 constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of Chapter  
2 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business  
3 and Professions Code.

4 (b) (1) The department, after consultation with the appropriate  
5 national medical specialty societies, shall develop a standardized  
6 written summary in laymen's language and in several languages,  
7 as necessary, regarding health and consumer issues relating to  
8 AOP and oocyte donation. The summary shall be printed and  
9 made available by the department to physicians and surgeons.  
10 The summary shall include, but not be limited to, disclosures  
11 concerning the potential risks of AOP and oocyte donation,  
12 including the risk of decreased fertility and the risks associated  
13 with using the drugs, medications, and hormones prescribed for  
14 ovarian stimulation during the AOP or oocyte donation process.

15 (2) The department shall utilize existing health and consumer  
16 guidelines for assisted reproductive technologies developed by  
17 national medical societies as the basis for the information  
18 contained within the standardized written summary.

19 125340. It is the intent of the Legislature that prior to  
20 providing AOP, a physician and surgeon shall obtain written  
21 consent from his or her patient. The failure to obtain written  
22 consent from the patient constitutes unprofessional conduct  
23 within the meaning of Chapter 5 (commencing with Section  
24 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

25 125345. It is the intent of the Legislature that:

26 (a) A physician and surgeon or other health care provider  
27 delivering fertility treatment shall provide his or her patient with  
28 timely, relevant, and appropriate information to allow the  
29 individual to make an informed and voluntary choice regarding  
30 the disposition of any oocytes remaining following the fertility  
31 treatment. The failure to provide to a patient this information  
32 constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of Chapter  
33 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business  
34 and Professions Code.

35 (b) Any individual to whom information is provided pursuant  
36 to subdivision (a) shall be presented with the option of storing  
37 any unused oocytes, donating them to another individual,  
38 discarding the oocytes, or donating the remaining oocytes for  
39 research. When providing fertility treatment, a physician and  
40 surgeon or other health care provider shall provide a form to the

1 individual that sets forth advanced written directives regarding  
2 the disposition of oocytes. This form shall indicate the time limit  
3 on storage of the oocytes at the clinic or storage facility and shall  
4 provide, at a minimum, the following choices for disposition of  
5 the oocytes based on the following circumstances:

6 (1) In the event of the death of the individual, the oocytes shall  
7 be disposed of by one of the following actions:

8 (A) Donation for research purposes.

9 (B) Thawed with no further action taken.

10 (C) Donation to another couple or individual.

11 (D) Other disposition that is clearly stated.

12 (2) In the event of the individual's decision to abandon the  
13 oocytes by request or a failure to pay storage fees, the oocytes  
14 shall be disposed of by one of the following actions:

15 (A) Donation for research purposes.

16 (B) Thawed with no further action taken.

17 (C) Donation to another couple or individual.

18 (D) Other disposition that is clearly stated.

19 (c) A physician and surgeon or other health care provider  
20 delivering fertility treatment shall obtain written consent from  
21 any individual who elects to donate oocytes remaining after  
22 fertility treatments for research. For any individual considering  
23 donating the oocytes for research, to obtain informed consent, the  
24 health care provider shall convey all of the following to the  
25 individual:

26 (1) A statement that the oocytes will be used to derive human  
27 pluripotent stem cells for research and that the cells may be used,  
28 at some future time, for human transplantation research.

29 (2) A statement that all identifiers associated with the oocytes  
30 will be removed prior to the derivation of human pluripotent  
31 stem cells.

32 (3) A statement that donors will not receive any information  
33 about subsequent testing on the oocytes or the derived human  
34 pluripotent cells.

35 (4) A statement that derived cells or cell lines, with all  
36 identifiers removed, may be kept for many years.

37 (5) Disclosure of the possibility that the donated material may  
38 have commercial potential, and a statement that the donor will  
39 not receive financial or any other benefits from any future  
40 commercial development.

1 (6) A statement that the human pluripotent stem cell research  
2 is not intended to provide direct medical benefit to the donor.

3 (7) A statement that oocytes donated will not be transferred to  
4 a woman's uterus, will not survive the human pluripotent stem  
5 cell derivation process, and will be handled respectfully, as is  
6 appropriate for all human tissue used in research.

7 125350. It is the intent of the Legislature that no human  
8 oocyte or embryo may be acquired, sold, received, or otherwise  
9 transferred for valuable consideration. For purposes of this  
10 section, "valuable consideration" does not include reasonable  
11 payment for the removal, processing, disposal, preservation,  
12 quality control, storage, transplantation, or implantation of  
13 oocytes or embryos.

14 125355. It is the intent of the Legislature that payment in  
15 excess of the amount of reimbursement of expenses may be made  
16 to any research subject to encourage her to produce human  
17 oocytes for the purposes of medical research.

18 SEC. 4. Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 125360) is  
19 added to Part 5.5 of Division 106 of the Health and Safety Code,  
20 to read:

21  
22 CHAPTER 3. BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH FUNDING  
23

24 125360. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that every  
25 contract, award, grant, loan, or other arrangement entered into by  
26 a state entity that provides state funding or other resources for  
27 biomedical research ensure all of the following:

28 (1) The contract, award, grant, loan, or other arrangement does  
29 not result in a gift of public funds.

30 (2) Any clinical treatments, products, or services resulting  
31 from the biomedical research are made available at affordable  
32 costs to low-income residents, including health care and  
33 preventive health programs funded in whole or in part by the  
34 state and counties that serve low-income residents.

35 (3) The terms of any loan, lease, or rental arrangement are  
36 consistent with market rates.

37 (4) The state recoups its legal and administrative costs  
38 associated with patenting and licensing activities related to the  
39 biomedical research.

1 (5) The state is provided a share of the royalties or revenues  
2 derived from the development of clinical treatments, products, or  
3 services resulting from the research that is commensurate with its  
4 role in the development of the clinical treatments, products, or  
5 services.

6 (6) Any royalties or licensing revenues are used to repay any  
7 costs of issuing bonds associated with the biomedical research  
8 being funded.

9 (b) For purposes of this section, “biomedical research” means  
10 research that has as its purpose increasing the understanding of  
11 human diseases and conditions and improving treatments for  
12 these diseases and conditions.